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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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IBM CORPORATION 3039 CORNWALLIS RD. DEPT. T81 / B503, PO BOX 12195			EXAMINER	
			HA, YVONNE QUY M	
REASEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC 2770		27/09	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2697	7
			DATE MAILED: 05/21/2003	. 7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
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Office Action Summary	09/512,562	FICHOU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Yvonne Q. Ha	2697			
Period for Reply	lears on the cover sheet with the t	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed /s will be considered timely. It the mailing date of this communication. ID (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims	•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	vn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	r election requirement.				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accep	oted or b)	miner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disappro	oved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	bly to this Office action.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	on No			
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application.	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Ū			
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	·				
a) The translation of the foreign language pro	• • •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti					
Attachment(s)	, , ,				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Trademark Office					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Klausmeier et al (US Patent 6,201,813).

Referring to Claims 1 and 18, Klausmeier discloses method of transmitting data frames from a sending unit (figure 2, cell input engine, ref.116) to a receiving unit in a data transmission network (figure 2, cell output engine, ref. 118) comprising at least a backbone wherein the data are transmitted over high speed links (figure 2, link interface at speed 3xOC12, from ref. 116 to ref. 1-32) enabling long Maximum Transmission Units (MTU) between an ingress node connected (figure 2, interface unit, ref. 1-32, connected between ref. 116 input to ref. 118 output) to the sending unit by a first access link (figure 2, link interface at speed 3xOC12, from ref. 116 to ref. 1-32) and an egress node connected to the receiving node by a second access link (figure 2, interface unit, ref. 32, connected between ref. 116 input to ref. 118 output), with at least one of the first and second access links being a low speed access link (figure 2, outputs from interface unit 1-32 at 1xOC12) requiring the data frames to be segmented into short MTUs (figure 4, segmentation engine, ref. 134 input into input engine, ref. 116; col. 5, line 44, segments the

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frame into cells according to AAL5 protocol) between the sending unit/the ingress node and between the egress node/the receiving unit, the method comprising the steps of assembling, in the ingress node, a plurality of consecutive segmented data frames belonging to the same flow of data transmitted (figure 2, interface unit 1-32, i.e. ingress/egress; col. 5, line 44-45, segmentation engine) from the sending unit to the ingress node into an assembled data frame corresponding to one of the long MTUs, transmitting, the assembled data frame over the backbone from the ingress node to the egress node at a high speed authorized by the backbone links (col. 5, line 44-54), de-assembling the assembled data frame, in the egress node into consecutive segmented data frames (col. 5, lines 56-59; figure 5- Reassembly engine ref. 140, SAR unit- ref. 200) corresponding to the short MTUs, and, transmitting, the consecutive segmented data frames from the egress node to the receiving unit (col. 6, lines 23-36, extraction process at local processor or DMA engine, i.e. receiving end).

Referring to Claim 2, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the steps of defining in the assembled data frame a plurality of assembled parts each of them comprising a data field containing the data of the corresponding frame of the plurality of consecutive segmented data frames (figure 1, ref. 26, ref. 18-24) and an assembly header containing at least the length of the assembled part, and defining a main protocol header preceding the plurality of assembled parts (figure 1, ref. 38) and containing the same protocol information as the protocol headers of the segmented data frames and new information relating to the assembled data frame (col. 5, line 44-45).

Referring to Claim 3, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the step of building the assembly header of each

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assembled part as a differential header, with respect to the main protocol header, including one position field giving the position of the first byte different from the main protocol header, one length field giving the number of consecutive bytes different from the main protocol header and all the consecutive different bytes identified by the position and length fields (col. 2, lines 10-19).

Referring to Claims 4 and 5, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the step of gathering as many consecutive data frames belonging to the same flow as necessary to have a total size of all these frames equal to or just below a predetermined limit corresponding to the one of the long MTUs (col. 6, lines 11-15).

Referring to Claim 6, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the step of assembling a plurality of consecutive data frames belonging to the same flow of data includes the step of looking up a table stored in the ingress node to check whether there is an entry in the table corresponding to the flow of data (col. 4, lines 55-60).

Referring to Claim 7, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the step of creating the entry in the table when the first frame of the flow of data is received by the ingress node (col. 5, lines 4-7).

Referring to Claim 8, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the step of storing the plurality of consecutive data frames belonging to the same flow of data in a frame buffer allocated in the ingress node, before being assembled into the assembled frame when the total size reaches the predetermined limit (col. 5, lines 4-7).

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Referring to Claim 9, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling comprises the step of storing each one of the plurality of frames in a location of the frame buffer which is defined by a next buffer field in the location of the buffer in which is stored the preceding frame of the plurality of frames (col. 4, lines 63-67, col. 5, lines 1-7).

Referring to Claim 10, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the step of defining in each location in the frame buffer a field containing the size of the data of the corresponding frame (col. 5, lines 63-67).

Referring to Claims 11 and 20, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step comprises the step of defining in the entry in the table defining the flow of data an << origin >> field pointing to the address of the location wherein is stored the first frame of the plurality of frames stored in the frame buffer and a << buffer address >> field pointing to the address of the location in the frame buffer in which the current frame is to be stored (col. 5, lines 9-22).

Referring to Claims 12 and 22, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step further comprises the step of defining in the entry in the table a <<ti>improve field defining a time counter which is set at a predetermined value when the first frame of the plurality of frames is received by the ingress node and which is regularly decremented until zero, the step of assembling the assembled frame being performed if the predetermined value is reached before the total size has a value equal to or just below the predetermined limit (col. 6, lines 13-22).

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Referring to Claim 13, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling step of periodically decrementing the << timer >> fields in all entries of the table and checking whether the value of each decremented << timer >> field is zero (col. 6, lines 13-22).

Referring to Claims 14, 15, 25, and 29, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the step of identifying the protocol of each frame received by the ingress node and performing the step of assembling the consecutive segmented frames belonging to the same flow of data only if the protocol of the received frame is identified (col. 5, lines 44-50, segmented with protocol ID; col. 6, lines 54-63, reassembly with protocol).

Referring to Claims 16 and 17, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the step of de-assembling the assembled data frame in the egress node consists for each assembled part of the assembled frame, in building the frame header of each segmented frame by using the main protocol header and the differential header of the assembled part the data of the segmented frame being the data of the assembled part (col. 6, lines 54-67, reassembly with protocol; col. 7, lines 1-5).

Referring to Claim 19, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembling instrumentalities comprise a storage unit storing a table wherein each entry is allocated to each flow of data and contains information on the flow of data, a frame buffer for storing each segmented frame of the plurality of frames, a list of pointers pointing to the free locations of the frame buffers and a FIFO for storing consecutive processed frame data for building the assembled frame data (col. 2, lines 57-67), a lookup unit for looking up the table to find the entry corresponding to a given frame or creating a new entry if necessary (col. 6, lines

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6-14, end of frame detection unit and frame notification FIFO), a frame processing unit receiving the plurality of consecutive segmented data frames and, for each frame, requesting its corresponding data flow information to the lookup unit and storing frame data in the frame buffer using the list of pointers to find a free frame buffer entry (col. 6, lines 6-22), and an assembly processing unit reading all the data frames stored in the frame buffer by the frame processing for a given data flow, processing them, storing them in the FIFO and reading them to build and send the assembled data frame (col. 6, lines 24-27).

Referring to Claim 21, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the entry in the table includes a << total size >> field storing the total size of the consecutive segmented frames of the same flow, the segmented frames being processed into the assembled data by the assembly processing unit associated with the FIFO as soon as the value of the << total size >> field is equal or just below a predetermined limit (col. 6, lines 15-19).

Referring to Claim 23, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches each location of the frame buffer includes, further to the header and the data of the frame, a << next buffer >> field defining the location in the frame buffer in which the next frame is to be stored and a << data size >> field containing the size of the data of the stored frame (col. 6, lines 19-32, local processor to monitor the FIFO activity, and may allocate memory within the reserved locations when the last cell has been detected).

Referring to Claim 24, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembly processing unit builds a main protocol header for the assembled data frame and a plurality of assembled parts, each assembled part including a differential header with respect to the main protocol header and the data of the corresponding segmented frame, the

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assembled parts being serially stored in the FIFO and the assembled parts preceded by the main protocol header being serially transmitted over the backbone when the last assembled part of the assembled frame has been stored in the FIFO (col. 6, lines 54-63).

Referring to Claims 26 and 30, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the egress node comprises de-assembling instrumentalities comprising assembled frame processing for identifying the protocol of the frame received by the egress node, a header processing unit for building the protocol header of each segmented data frame to be transmitted from the egress node to the receiving unit, a data handling unit for segmenting the data of the assembled data frame into the data fields of the segmented frames and a frame buffer for storing each re-built segmented frame before transmitting it to the receiving unit (col. 6, lines 54-67).

Referring to Claims 27 and 28, Klausmeier discloses all aspects of the claimed invention and further teaches the assembly processing unit comprises building instrumentalities to build a main protocol header for the assembled data frame and a plurality of assembled parts, each assembled part including a differential header with respect to the main protocol header and the data of the corresponding segmented frame, the assembled parts being serially stored in the FIFO and the assembled parts preceded by the main protocol header being serially transmitted over the backbone when the last assembled part of the assembled frame has been stored in the FIFO (col. 6, lines 15-23; lines 54-67).

Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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- Cole (US Patent 5,956,344) discloses interprocessor communications in an ATM environment
- Klausmeier et al. (US Patent 6,483,854) discloses method and apparatus for using ATM queues for segmentation and reassembly of data frames
- Azizoglu et al. (US Patent 6,430,201) discloses method for transporting gigabit Ethernet and fiber channels signals in WDM systems
- Takahashi et al. (US patent 5,550,978) discloses multiprocessor system
 having switches for routing cells in parallel among processors by splitting
 data into blocks
- 4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yvonne Q. Ha whose telephone number is 703-305-8392. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7a.m.-4p.m. Eastern.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Ngo can be reached on 703-305-4798. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3988 for regular communications and 703-305-9051 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

YQH May 9, 2003

RICKY NGO
PRIMARY EXAMINER